



Delivering on our 3-year
Value Enhancing Strategic Plan

2026 Q1

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Our 3-Year Development Plan Focused on Shareholder Value

Large partnered indications vs
Smaller Go-Alone indications

Strategy to maximize Return on Investment while managing risk:

- Large indications assets to be developed up to End of Phase 2
- Smaller indications assets to be developed up to commercialization

3

Development strategies

Tedopi® in NSCLC
1st Phase 3: mOS benefit vs SOC
2nd Phase 3: ongoing
Potential approval in 2029

Multi-Billion potential

Lusvertikimab Rare/Specialist
• Hidradenitis Suppurativa¹
Target population 500-600k patients
• Chronic Pouchitis
Target population 45k patients

First Phase 2 to start in H2 2026

Lusvertikimab in Ulcerative Colitis
Strong Phase 2 data as IV
Reformulation as SC

Multi-Billion potential

Strong Pharma partnerships
Capabilities

Proven ability to deliver attractive partnerships
Over €150m in upfront received and over €2.1bn in potential milestones + tiered royalties via partnerships with AbbVie, Boehringer Ingelheim and Veloxis

Multiple Key Inflection Points
over the next 24 months

Key clinical announcements at least every 6 months over our 3-year development plan

A Business Oriented Team to Leverage OSE's Leading Research and Development Capabilities



Marc Le Bozec
Interim Chief Executive Officer

- Currently supports numerous biotech companies as an advisor, board member and investor
- Previously created and managed two biotech investment funds within Financière Arbevel
- Former CFO of Cellectis



Thomas Gidoin
Chief Financial Officer

- 15+ years in pharma / biotech
- 10+ years as CFO in both private and public biotechs, Euronext and US Nasdaq IPOs



Sonya Montgomery, ND
Chief Development Officer

- 20+ years of experience in pharma / biotech
- Global management, portfolio strategy, translational, clinical and regulatory leadership roles (CMO, Head of clinical development) from discovery through registration



Silvia Comis, MD
Chief Clinical and Medical Research Officer

- 30+ years of pharma experience
- Previously held positions of Senior Director COE, European Head of Early Products Medical Affairs and Clinical Development in Oncology
- Certified pharmacologist and endocrinologist



Jean-Jacques Mention, PhD
Chief Business Officer

- 15+ years of academic research in Immunology and virology at Necker-Enfants Malades Hospital, King's College of London & Institut Pasteur of Paris
- 10 years' experience in BD and innovation



64 Full-Time Employees

Strong IP generation with 500+ Patents field/granted

~75% of Costs dedicated to R&D

Financed until early Q4 2026

Clinical Pipeline Focused on Achievable Deliverables

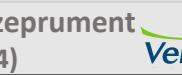
3-Year Plan Focused Proprietary Assets

Product candidate	Target	Indication	Pre-Clinical	Phase Ia/Ib	Phase II	Phase III	Addressable Market	Upcoming Milestones
Tedopi	Neoepitopes immunotherapy	NSCLC Mono post-CT-ICI 2L (US Orphan Drug Designation)					\$ 1bn +	Futility Analysis Q3 26 Phase 3 read-out Q1 28 Long-Term Survival
		Pancreatic cancer Combo (IIS)					\$ 500m - \$ 1bn	Read-out Q2 26
		Ovarian cancer Combo (IIS)					\$ 500m	Read-out H2 26
		NSCLC Combo 2L (IIS)					\$ 500m	
		NSCLC 1L combo OSE-279					\$ 500m	
Lusvertikimab IV	Anti-IL-7R	Hidradenitis Suppurativa					500-600,000 patients	1 st Phase 2 read-out 2028
Lusvertikimab IV	Anti-IL-7R	Chronic Pouchitis					45,000 patients	
Lusvertikimab SC	Anti-IL-7R	Ulcerative Colitis					\$ 1bn +	
				Reformulation ongoing – To be licensed out				

Partnered Clinical Assets

Immuno-Oncology

Immunology & Inflammation

Product candidate	Target	Indication	Pre-Clinical	Phase Ia/Ib	Phase II	Phase III	Upcoming Milestones
BI 770371 	Anti-SIRP α	Solid tumors (HNSCC)					Phase 1b read-out Phase 2 read-out
BI 770371 	Anti-SIRP α	MASH					
Pegrizeprumpt 	Anti-CD28	Kidney Transplantation (US Orphan Drug Designation)					

Potential Catalysts Every 6 Months Over our 3-Year Strategic Plan*

H1 Tedopi®

ISS Phase 2 read-out in Ovarian Cancer as monotherapy or in combo with pembrolizumab

H2 Tedopi®

ISS Phase 2 read-out in 2L NSCLC combo with nivolumab or docetaxel

Pivotal Phase 3 DSMB Futility analysis on 107 events in HLA-A2+ NSCLC Patients Post Chemotherapy (CT) and Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors

Lusvertikimab Rare/Specialist – Indication 1

Phase 2 start in 1st new Indication leveraging IV formulation for early POC data generation

H1 Lusvertikimab Rare/Specialist – Indication 2

Phase 2 start in 2nd new Indication leveraging IV formulation for early POC data generation

Lusvertikimab Sub-Cutaneous

Subcutaneous formulation ready for all indications (Ulcerative Colitis, Pouchitis, Hidradenitis Suppurativa)

H2 Lusvertikimab Ulcerative Colitis

Phase 2b/3 initiation (subject to partnering/financing)

H1 Tedopi®

Phase 3 read-out in HLA-A2+ 2L NSCLC

FY Lusvertikimab Rare/Specialist – Indication 1

Phase 2 read-out in 1st new Indication

2026

2027

2028



Lusvertikimab

Most advanced anti-IL-7R mAb

Strong biological rational in refractory IBD patients and Inflammatory Dermatologic Diseases

IL-7 Fuels Chronic Tissues Inflammation – Lusvertikimab Tackles It

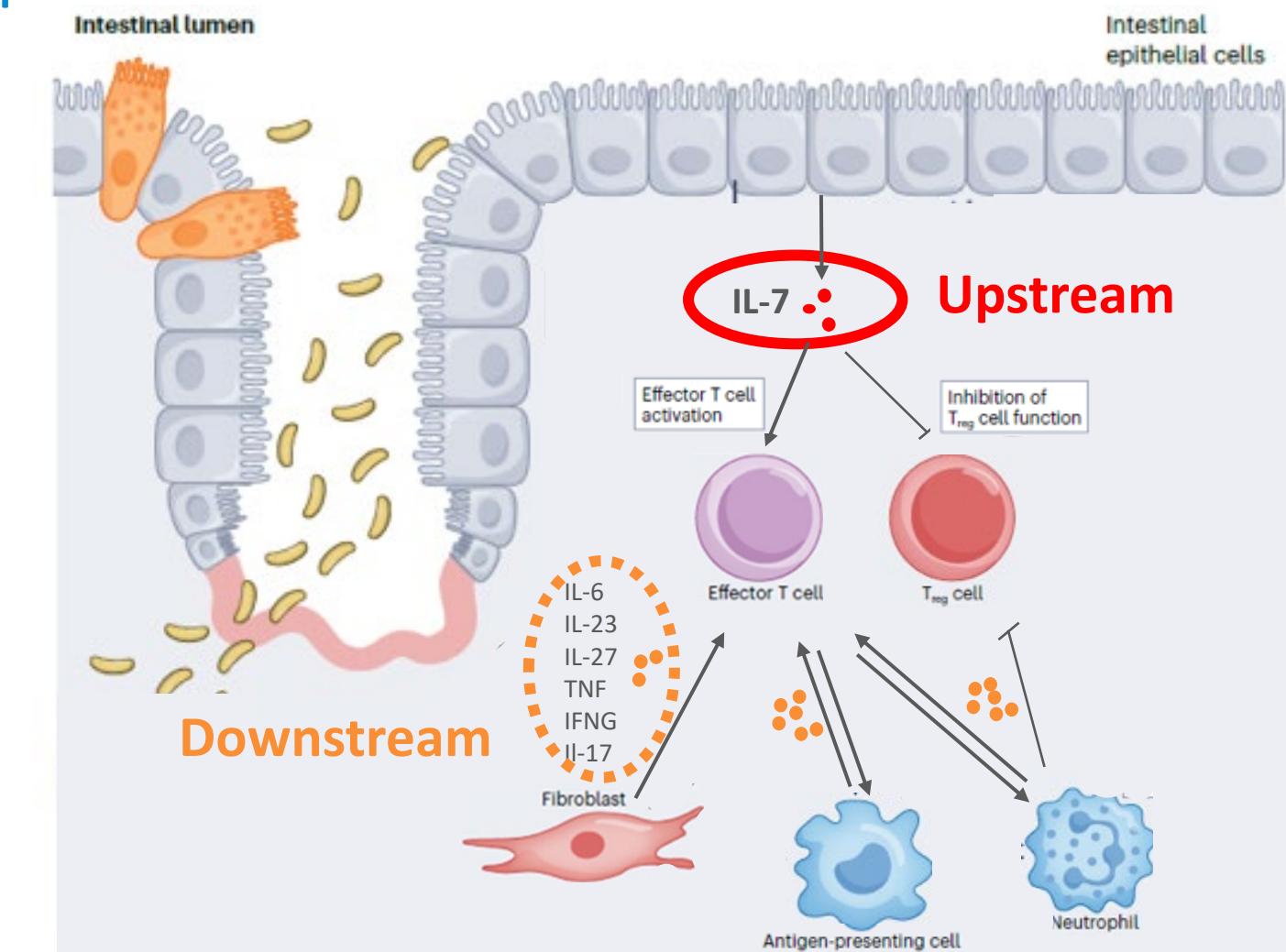
Upstream mechanism of resistance in hyper-inflammation

“...Highly pro-inflammatory cells in the intestinal mucosa in inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) **drive molecular resistance** to anti-cytokine therapy (such as anti-TNF and anti-IL-12/IL-23 therapies).

Intestinal epithelial cells (IECs) produce cytokines such as **IL-7** to activate effector T cells. **IL-7R expression on colitogenic CD4 T cells is vital for induction of chronic colitis”**

Pr. Neurath, *Nature Review Immunology* 2024

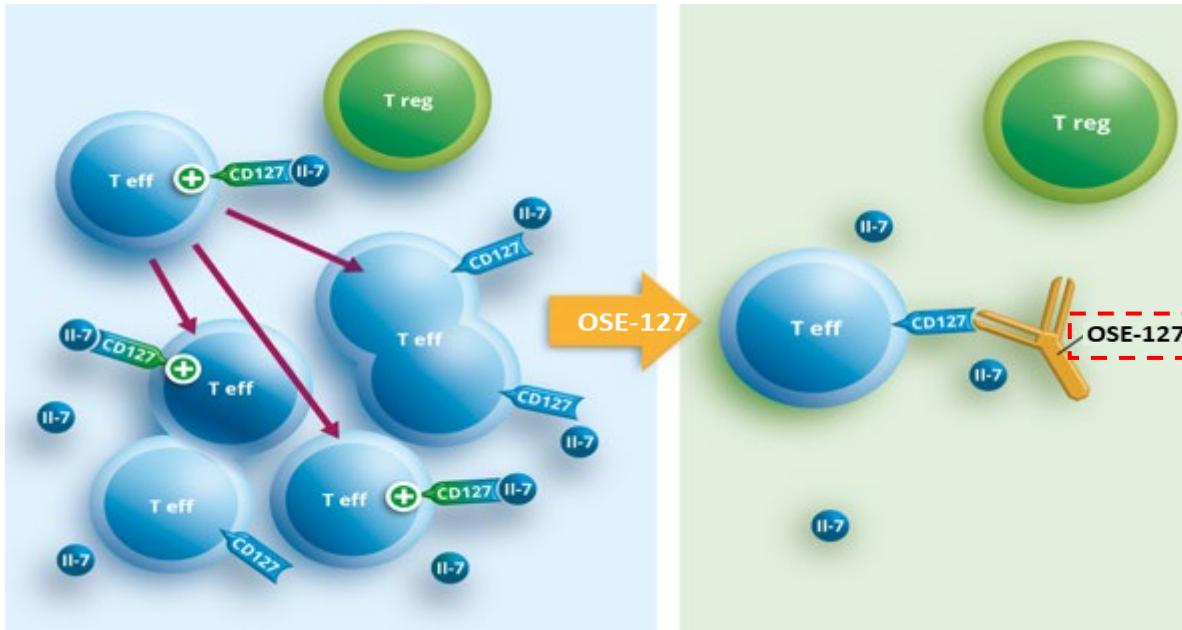
Blocking the IL-7 receptor prevents molecular signalling transmission by IL-7 through the JAK/STAT5 pathway (responsible for chronic inflammation), while sparing Tregs necessary for healthy immune response



Adapted from Neurath M. *Nature Review Immunology* 2024

Lusvertikimab – First Pure IL-7 Antagonist With No Impact on Healthy Immune System

Calming down overexpressed immune response
while maintaining healthy immune response



A differentiated IL7R antagonist solely targeting the Immune System at the root cause of chronic inflammation

- IL-7R pathway is overexpressed in bio-refractory IBD patients^{1,2}, pouchitis and Hidradenitis Suppurativa
- First non-internalizing pure antagonist anti-IL-7R mAb³
- No antagonist activity on TSLP* that have a protective effect at the gut mucosa
- Inhibit activation, differentiation of pathogenic Th1, Th17 and resident memory T cells while sparing Tregs
- Limit migration of T cells into the gut
- To limit immune chronicity and favor healthy immune Microenvironment
- Good safety, PK/PD profile in Clinical trials, no cytokine release

*TSLP: thymic stromal lymphopoietin

Lusvertikimab – A Pragmatic Development Plan

Lusvertikimab in Rare/Specialist Indications

To be developed by OSE

Chronic Antibiotic-Refractory Pouchitis – 45k US/EU/JP patients

- c. 30% of UC patients require surgery and 70% of patients with IPAA experiencing pouchitis over 10 years, o/w 15% with Chronic Pouchitis
- 35-40% of patients fail currently approved biologic drugs

Hidradenitis Suppurativa – 500-600k US/EU/JP patients

- Leads to over 4,000 hospitalizations per year in the US
- Estimated 1% global population prevalence
- 40-58% of Hurley III patients are primary non-responders to anti-TNF

Lusvertikimab in Ulcerative Colitis

To be Outlicensed

Ulcerative Colitis – 200-500k patients in the US alone require advanced therapy

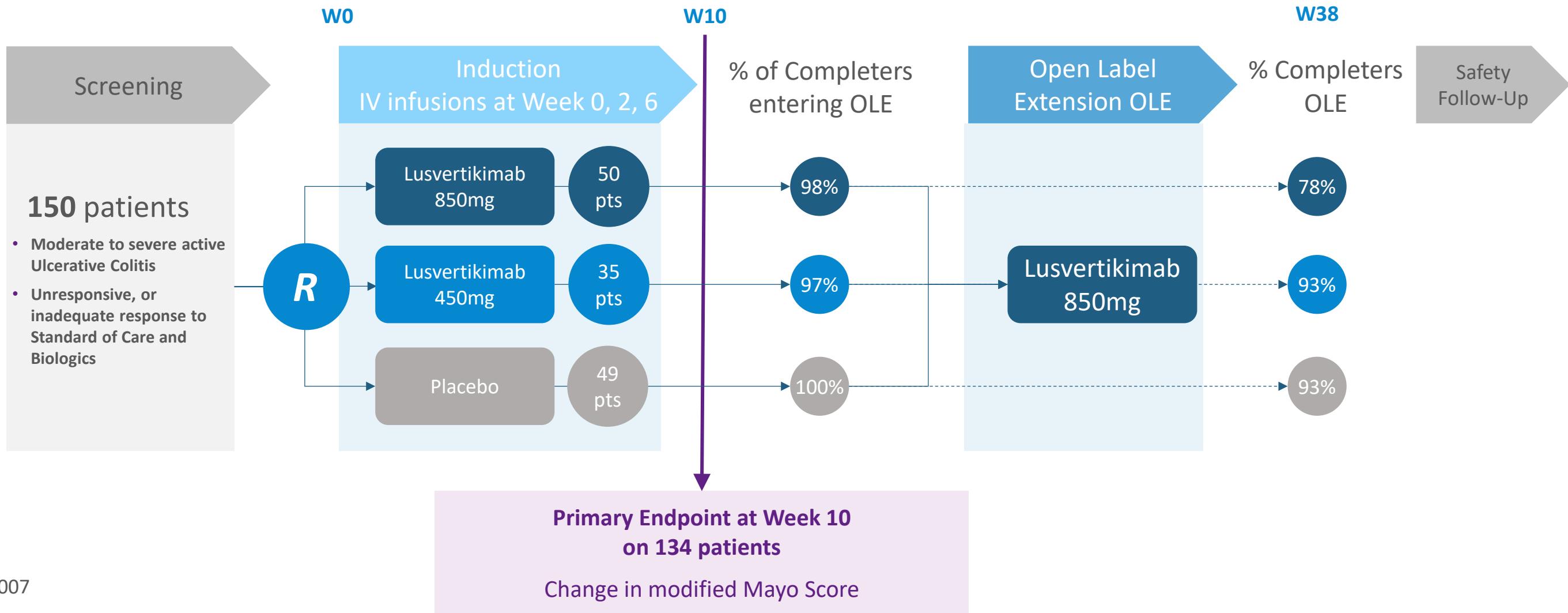
- \$ 9-11bn Ulcerative Colitis Market mostly generated by anti-TNF α and JAK/IL-23 inhibitors
- 30-40% of patients do not respond sufficiently to anti-TNF α and JAK/IL-23 inhibitors leading to significant need for therapeutic alternatives
- Strong Phase 2 data generated with IV formulation
- Subcutaneous formulation in development to fit the current treatment paradigm
- Minimal costs expected until licensing takes place
- To be developed by partner

Lusvertikimab Most Advanced and Differentiated First-in-Class anti-IL-7R mAb

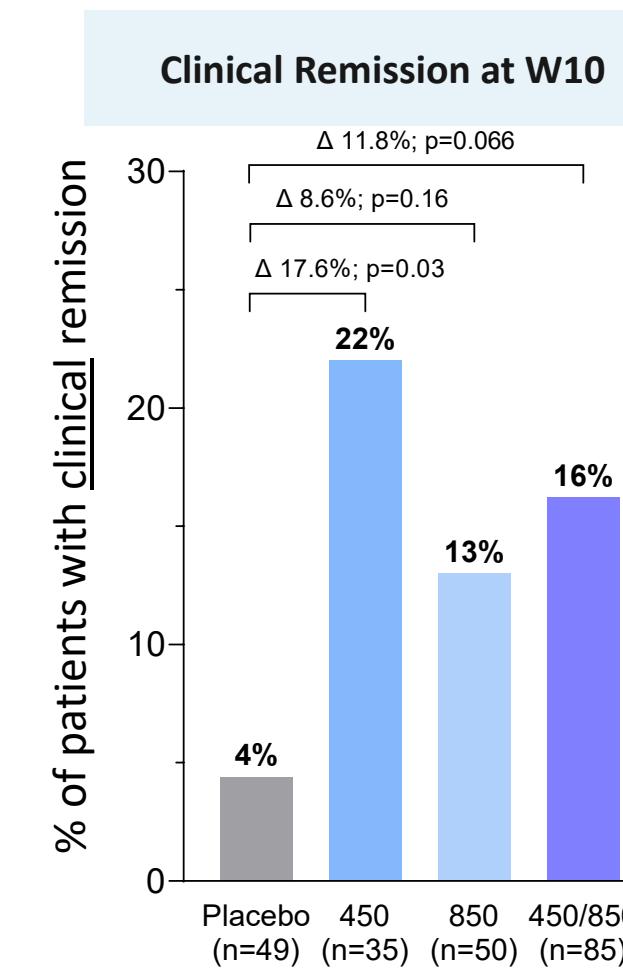
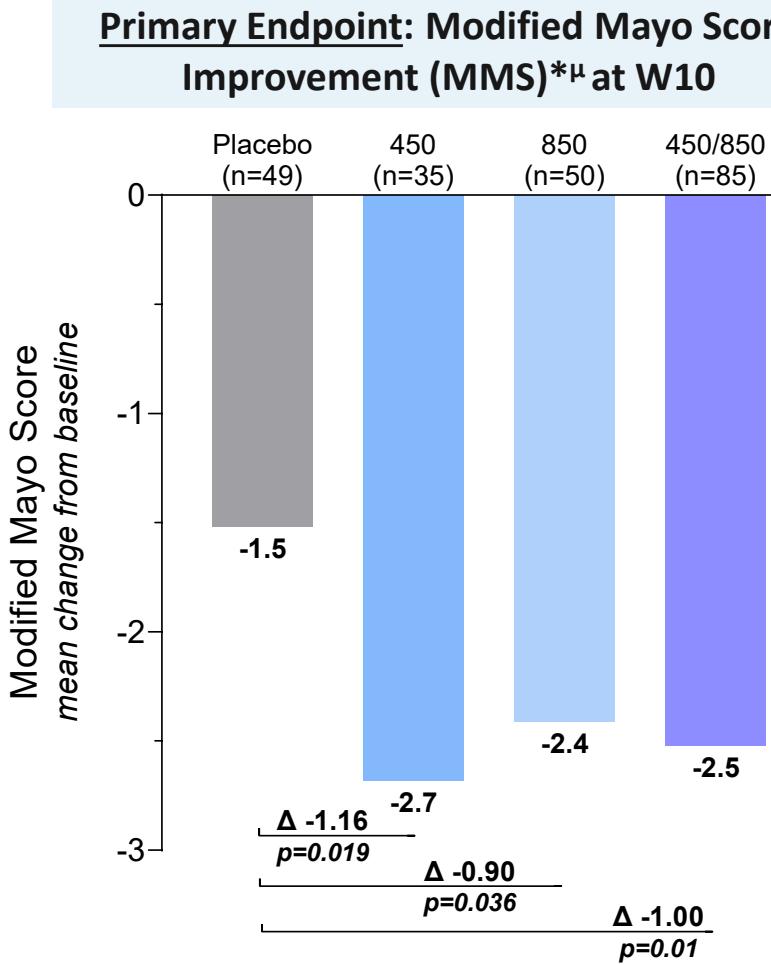
		 Bristol Myers Squibb™	 	
Isotype	IgG4	IgG1	IgG1	IgG1
MoA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-Internalizing¹ Full Antagonist IL7R No Depletion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TSLP Antagonist T-cell Decrease 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internalizing Antago + Partial Agonist IL7R TSLP Antagonist T-cell Decrease² 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internalizing Antago + Partial Agonist IL7R
Phase	Phase 2	Phase 2a	Phase 1b	<i>Discontinued</i>
Indications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ulcerative Colitis Chronic Antibiotic-Refractory Pouchitis Hidradenitis Suppurativa 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Atopic Dermatitis <i>Failed endpoint in Part B⁵</i> Alopecia Areata <i>Results expected H126</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Alopecia Areata <i>not initiated</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiple Sclerosis <i>Discontinued post Phase 1</i> <i>High Immunogenicity^{3,4}</i>

CoTikiS – POC in Chronic Inflammation

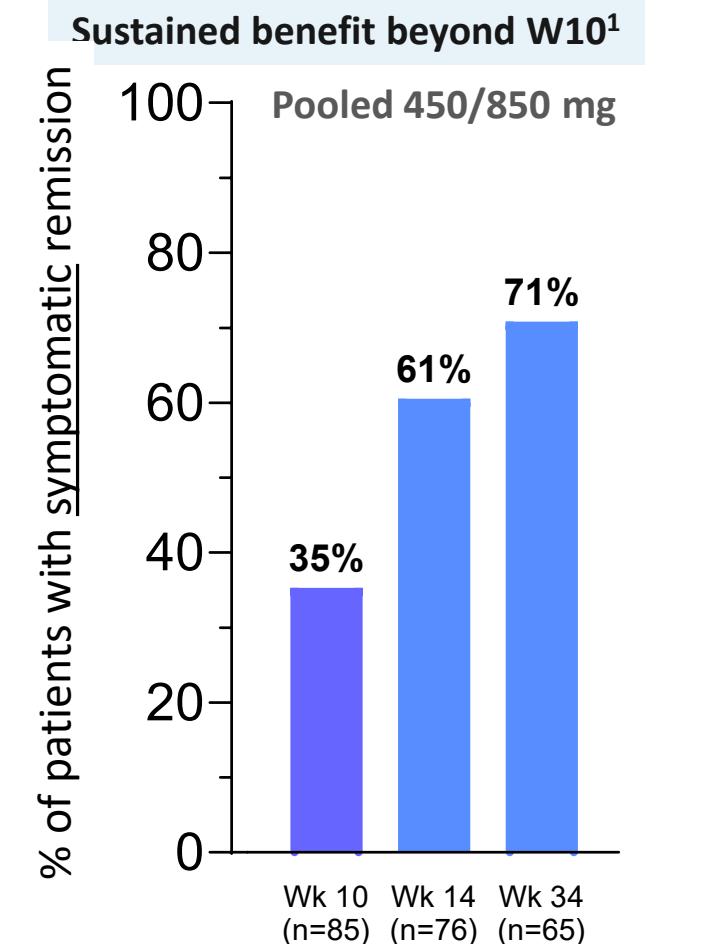
Lusvertikimab IV Phase 2 in Moderate-to-Severe UC



Clinically and Statistically Meaningful Remission at Week 10 with Lusvertikimab



clinical remission: MMS ≤ 2 with no subscore > 1 and a RB 0, SF ≤ 1 , MES 0 or 1



All patients received 850 mg every 4 weeks from week 10 through 34

*MMS Improvement defined on mean change at Wk 10 from baseline on the 3 subscores: rectal bleeding, stool frequency, endoscopic (central reading)

^μ Least Square Mean Difference between Lusvertikimab and placebo= difference between groups of the Mean change in

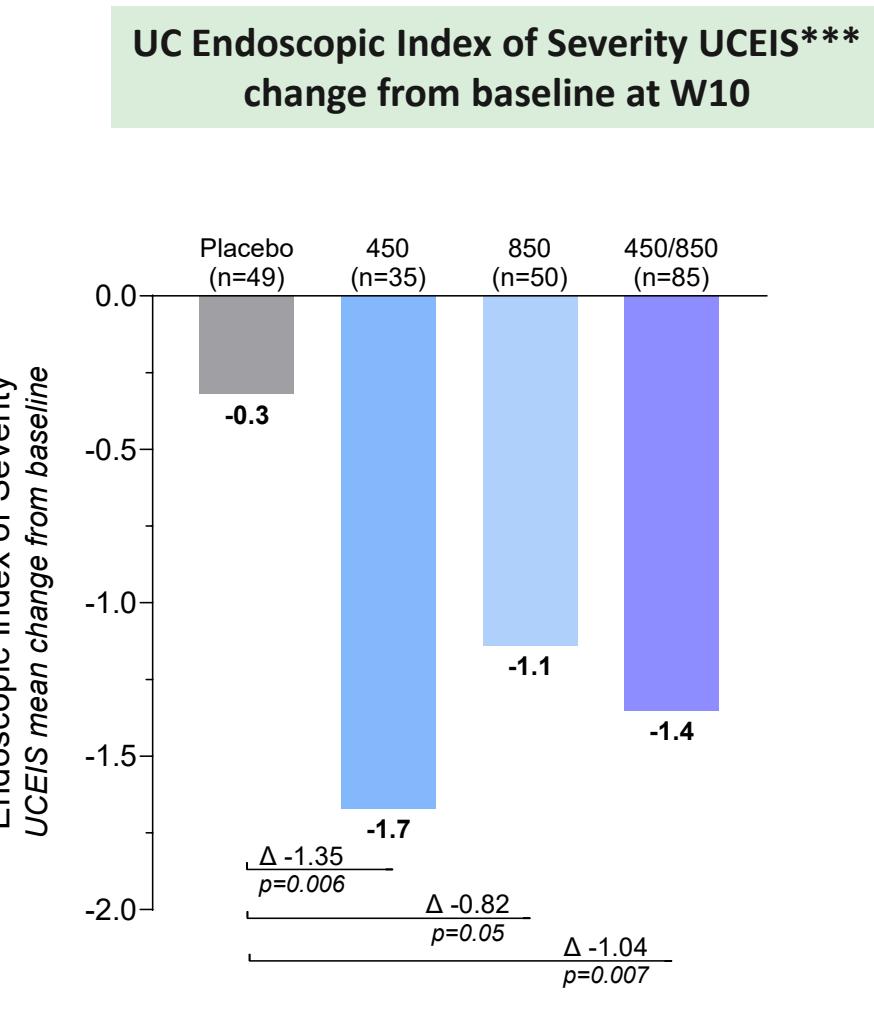
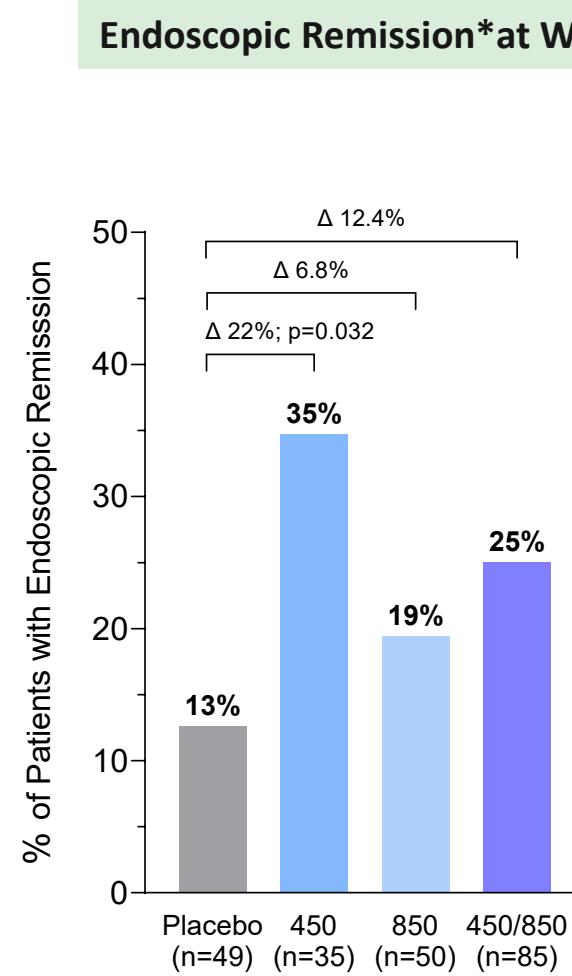
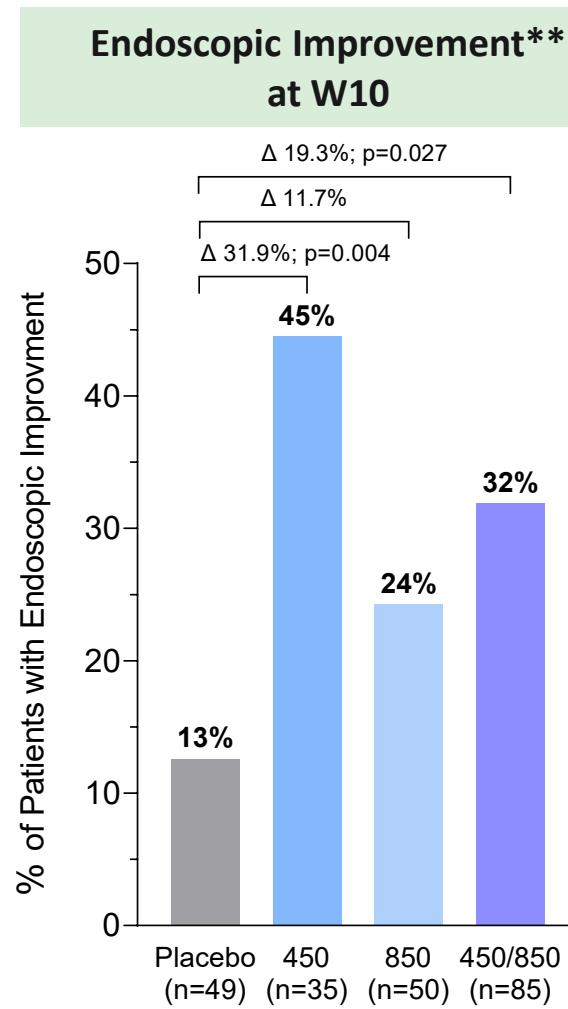
MMS between baseline and W10

A. Boureille et al, Journal of Crohn's and Colitis, 19, Suppl_1, 2025, i71-i72. Oral communication at ECCO 2025

1 – Data in house

Induction Results at Week 10

Clinically meaningful and significant endoscopic improvement and remission



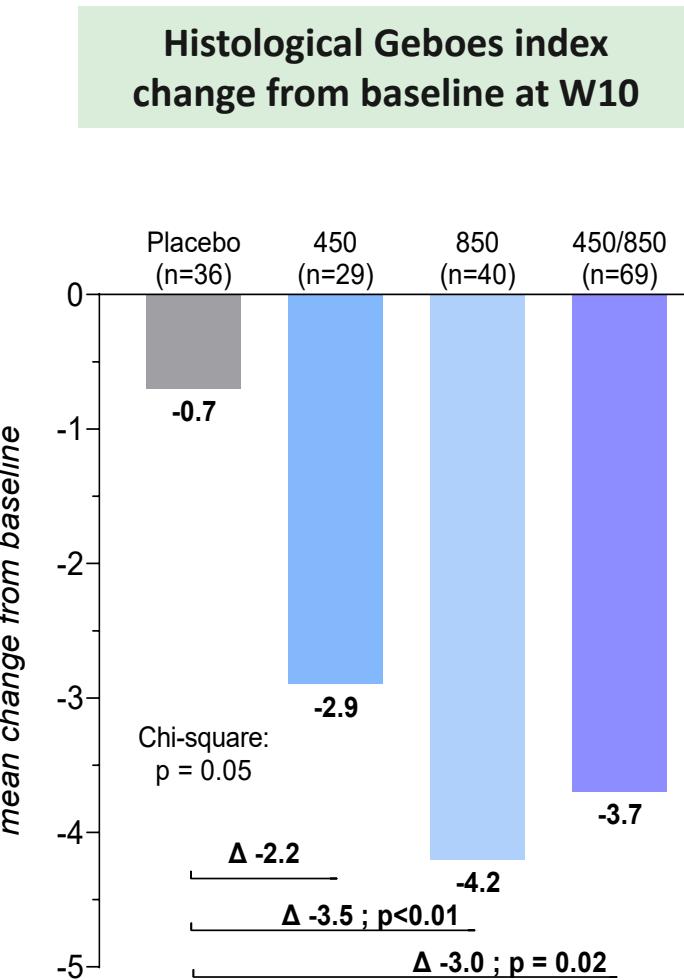
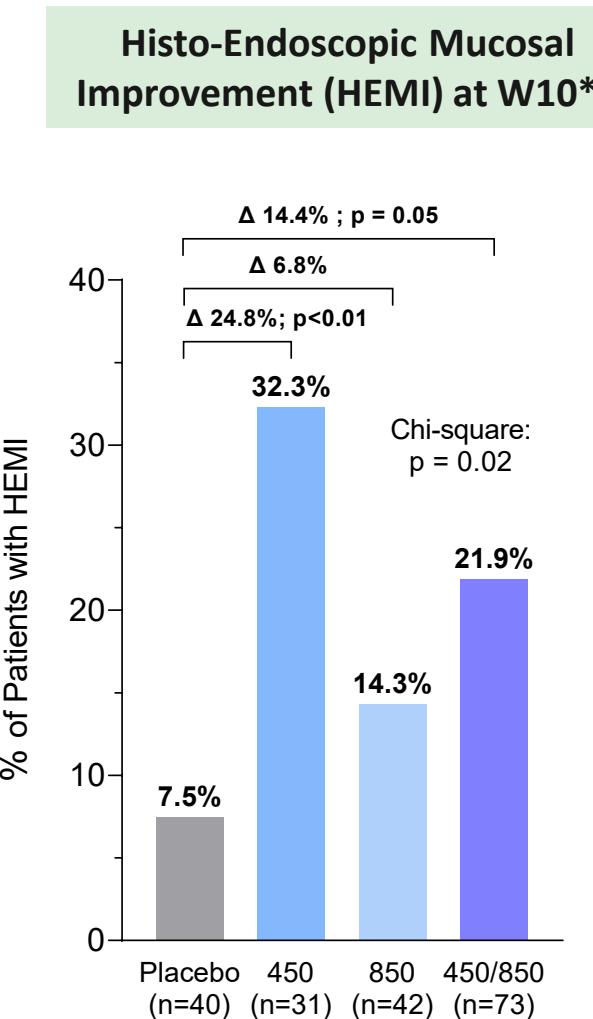
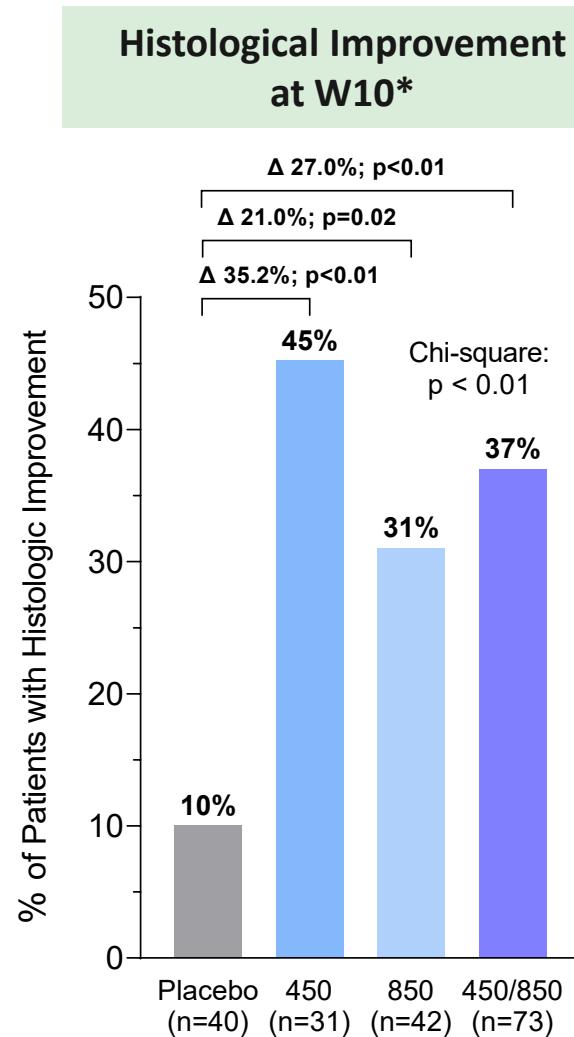
*Endoscopic Remission = endoscopic Mayo score = 0 / ** Endoscopic Improvement: endoscopic Mayo score \leq 1 point /

*** UCEIS: index of severity measured by three disease severity subscores: vascular pattern: 0 to 2 / Bleeding: 0 to 3 / Erosions-ulcerations 0 to 3

A. Bourelle et al, Journal of Crohn's and Colitis, 19, Suppl_1, 2025, i71–i72. Oral communication at ECCO 2025

Induction Results at Week 10

Clinically meaningful and significant histologic and histo-endoscopic mucosal improvement



* Histological Improvement: Nancy Histological Index (NHI) ≤ 1

** Histo-Endoscopic Mucosal Improvement (HEMI): NHI ≤ 1 + MES ≤ 1

A. Bourelle et al, Journal of Crohn's and Colitis, 19, Suppl 1, 2025, i71-i72. Oral communication at ECCO

CoTikiS – 850 mg Group More Severe Disease than 450 mg and/or Placebo Groups

demographics and disease characteristics

	Placebo (n=49)	450 mg (n=35)	850 mg (n=50)	Total (n=134)
Age: mean (SD)	42.7 (15.9)	38.8 (10.5)	42.5 (15.1)	41.6 (14.4)
Sex: male	28 (57.1%)	22 (62.9%)	27 (54.0%)	77 (57.5%)
Weight (kg) mean (SD)	75.3 (15.2)	72.8 (16.2)	71.5 (18.0)	73.2 (16.5)
Never smoker	39 (79.6%)	25 (71.4%)	43 (86.0%)	107 (79.9%)
Never alcohol consumption	34 (69.4%)	25 (71.4%)	40 (80.0%)	99 (73.9%)
Region: EU Country	22 (44.9%)	8 (22.9%)	22 (44.0%)	52 (38.8%)
UC duration (years) mean (SD)	8.2 (7.5)	7.2 (6.5)	9.3 (8.6)	8.4 (7.7)
Previous exposure to biologics	19 (38.8%)	5 (14.3%)	19 (38.0%)	43 (32.1%)
<i>Previous biologics: 2+</i>	11 (57.9%)	2 (40%)	13 (68.8%)	26 (60.4%)
<i>Previous biologics: 3+</i>	5 (26.3%)	0 (0%)	6 (31.5%)	11 (25.6%)
Concomitant use of steroids	23 (46.9%)	18 (51.4%)	25 (50.0%)	66 (49.3%)
Modified mayo score (mMS) Mean (SD)	6.6 (1.2)	6.0 (1.4)	6.5 (1.0)	6.4 (1.2)
Category of mMS				
5-6	21 (42.9%)	17 (48.6%)	25 (50.0%)	63 (47.0%)
7-9	26 (53.1%)	13 (37.1%)	25 (50.0%)	64 (47.8%)
Endoscopic subscore mean (SD)	2.5 (0.5)	2.4 (0.5)	2.6 (0.5)	2.5 (0.5)
Category of endoscopic subscore: 3	26 (53.1%)	15 (42.9%)	32 (64.0%)	73 (54.5%)
C-Reactive protein (mg/L) Mean (SD)	8.6 (13.6)	9.4 (16.7)	11.2 (18.1)	9.8 (16.1)
Serum albumin (g/L) Mean (SD)	42.3 (4.4)	42.6 (4.5)	40.8 (5.4)	41.8 (4.9)
FCP (µg/g) mean (SD)	1459.5 (1865.0)	1088.0 (1600.5)	1191.8 (1603.3)	1261.6 (1696.7)

Lusvertikimab – Well Tolerated & Good Safety Profile

	Placebo (N=49) N(%) [E]	450 mg (N=36) N(%) [E]	850 mg (N=51) N(%) [E]	Total (N=136) N(%) [E]
At least one TEAE in induction phase	16 (32.7) [29]	17 (47.2) [33]	20 (39.2) [42]	53 (39.0) [104]
At least one TEAE related to study treatment	1 (2.0) [1]	3 (8.3) [4]	4 (7.8) [14]	8 (5.9) [19]
At least one serious TEAE	3 (6.1) [3]	2 (5.6) [3]	2 (3.9) [3]	7 (5.1) [9]
At least one serious TEAE related to study treatment	—	1 (2.8) [1]	—	1 (0.7) [1]
At least one severe TEAE	2 (4.1) [2]	1 (2.8) [2]	—	3 (2.2) [4]
At least one severe TEAE related to study treatment	—	1 (2.8) [1]	—	1 (0.7) [1]
At least one related TEAE leading to death	—	—	—	—
At least one TEAE leading to drug withdrawal	3 (6.1) [3]	2 (5.6) [3]	—	5 (3.7) [6]
At least one TEAE leading to drug interruption	2 (4.1) [2]	1 (2.8) [1]	—	3 (2.2) [3]
At least one TEAE leading to study discontinuation	3 (6.1) [3]	2 (5.6) [3]	—	5 (3.7) [6]
At least one AESI	6 (12.2) [7]	7 (19.4) [7]	9 (17.6) [10]	22 (16.2) [24]
At least one infection	6 (12.2) [7]	5 (13.9) [5]	7 (13.7) [8]	18 (13.2) [20]
At least one lymphopenia < 500 10 ⁶ /L	—	2 (5.6) [2]	2 (3.9) [2]	4 (2.9) [4]

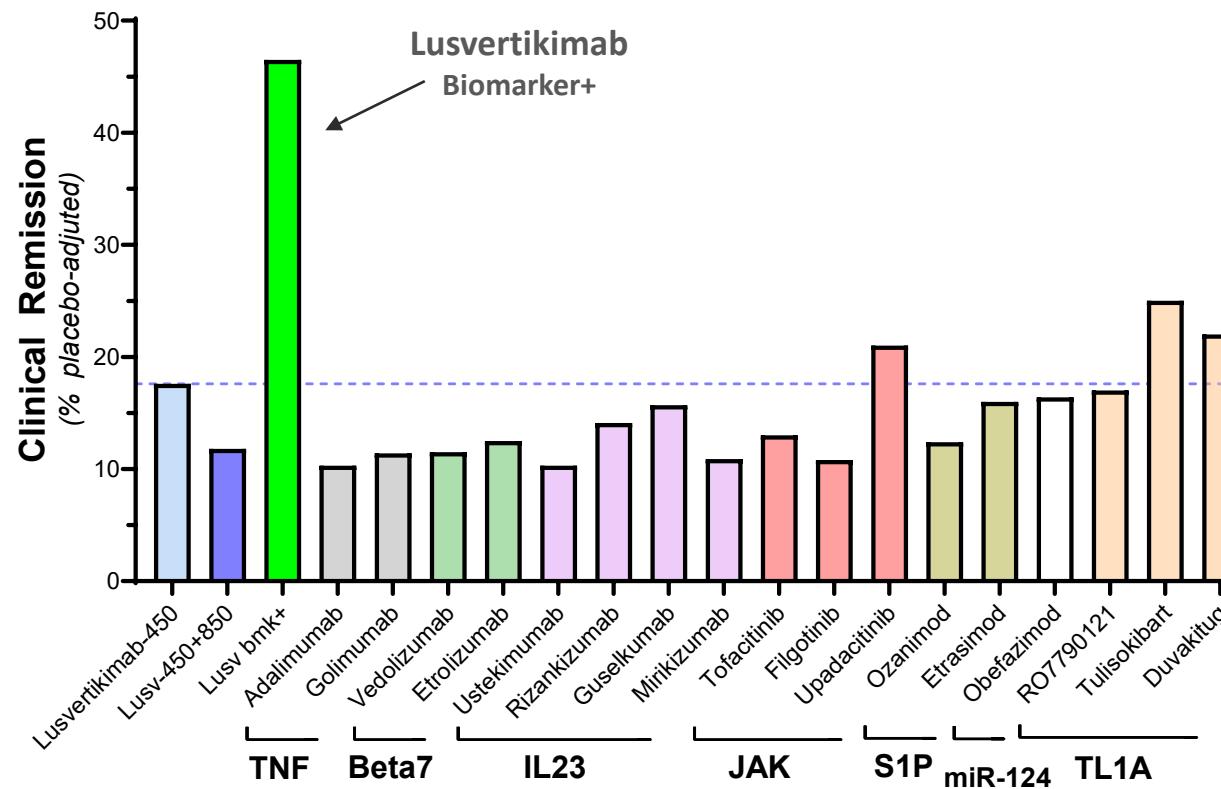
Lusvertikimab
tested in 174
individuals to
date

Lymphopenia was transient, not associated with a higher rate or severity of infection, was more frequent in patients treated with corticosteroids or with baseline values <1*10⁹/L and did not lead to treatment discontinuation

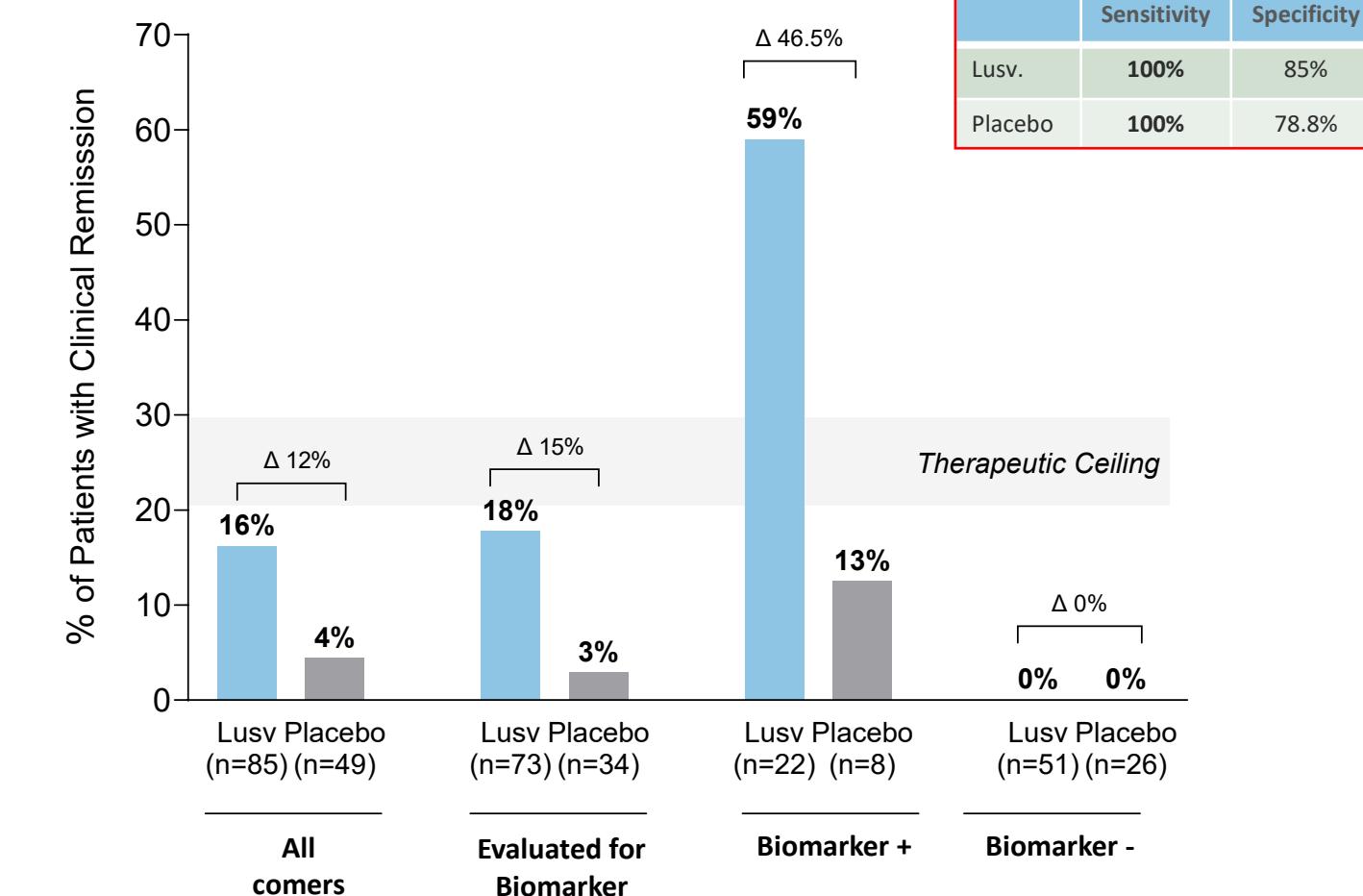
Biomarker+ Could Boost Efficacy 4x in ~30-40% of UC Population Tested

Confirmatory ex-vivo data to be generated over next 2 years

Clinical Remission (Placebo-adjusted)



Clinical remission based on Lusvertikimab Biomarker



*Composite IL7R axis biomarker identified with fine-tuning on CoTikiS Phase 2

Hidradenitis Suppurativa – A Large Dermatology Indication

500-600k moderate/severe patients in the US/EU/Japan

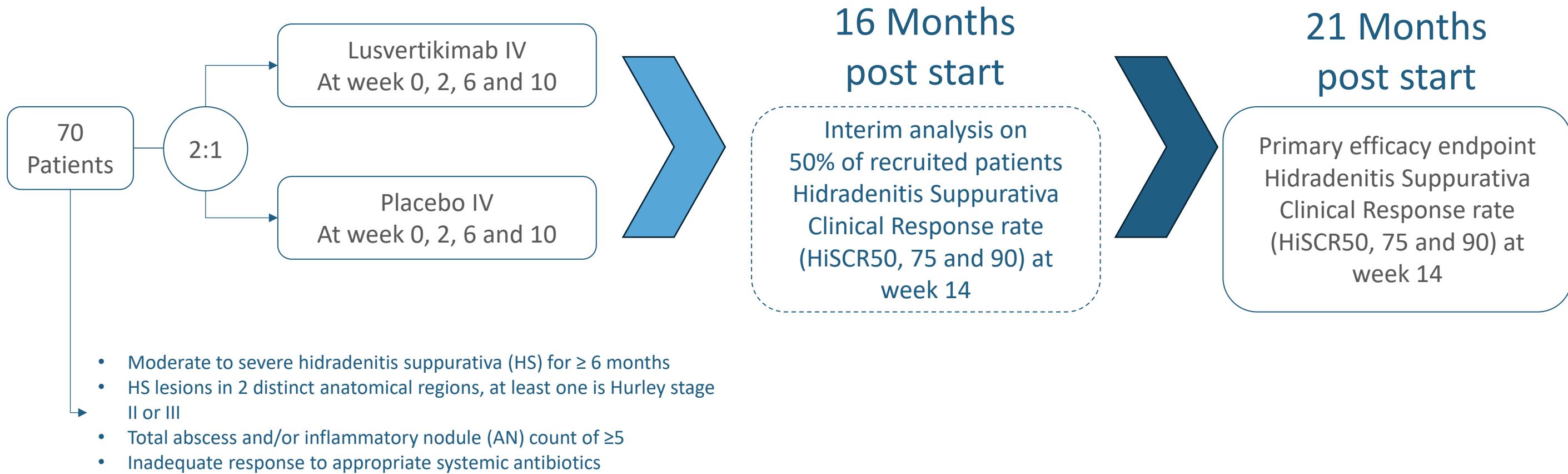
- Recurrent painful nodules, abscesses and draining sinus tracts primarily in intertriginous areas
- draining tunnels and subsequent scarring can be profoundly debilitating
- Poor response to treatment & severe comorbidity load
- 7-10 yrs from disease onset to diagnosis
- Estimated prevalence 1% global population

3 FDA approved biologics focused on IL17 and TNF α

- Phase 2 and 3 pipeline focused on Th17 downstream pathways
- Rich competitive landscape in Phase 2 and Phase 3 with limited benefit on long-term inflammation
- Lusvertikimab targeting and inhibiting both upstream Th17 cells and Th1 pathogenic infiltrating cells, provides strong rationale for sustained inflammation reduction²

Target / Pathway	Biological effect	Key Limitation in HS
Anti TNF α	Primarily target TNF α Producing B cells in HS	Limited efficacy
Anti IL-1a/b	Block innate inflammatory ↓ Acute flares, ↓ neutrophil influx, ↓ IL-17 induction Reduce chemokine and proinflammatory cytokines production	Anti IL1A effective in subsets of patients—especially TNF-α inadequate responders
Anti IL-17	Reduce neutrophilic infiltration and keratinocyte activation Clinical efficacy in moderate to severe patients	Overexpression in inflammatory context IRAK4 but broad expression including non-immune cells Limitation Blocking only IL-17 cytokine not blocking cell source Not blocking (IFNg) Th1 cell population while data suggest that Th1 T cell responses dominate over IL-17 responses.
IL-23	Inhibit Th17 development and IL-17 secretion	Not efficacious for moderate-to-severe HS. IL-17 production is independent of IL-23 stimulation in HS
BAFF	Disrupt plasma cell survival	B cells are secondary driver in HS
TKY (Tyrosine kinase targeting, e.g. JAK/TYK2)	Dampens all cytokine signal transduction ↓ IL-7 signaling, ↓ IL-23/IL-17, ↓ IFN responses	Broad suppression High discontinuation rate due to AEs
Lusvertikimab	Favor high Treg : Teff ratio Limit Teff cell migration and proliferation and promote apoptosis. ↓ IFNg & IL-17 production Target directly pathogenic T cells Th17 and Th1 dominant T cell population in HS for long term response in Acute and chronic stage	

Hidradenitis Suppurativa – Phase 2 POC Design & Expected Timeline



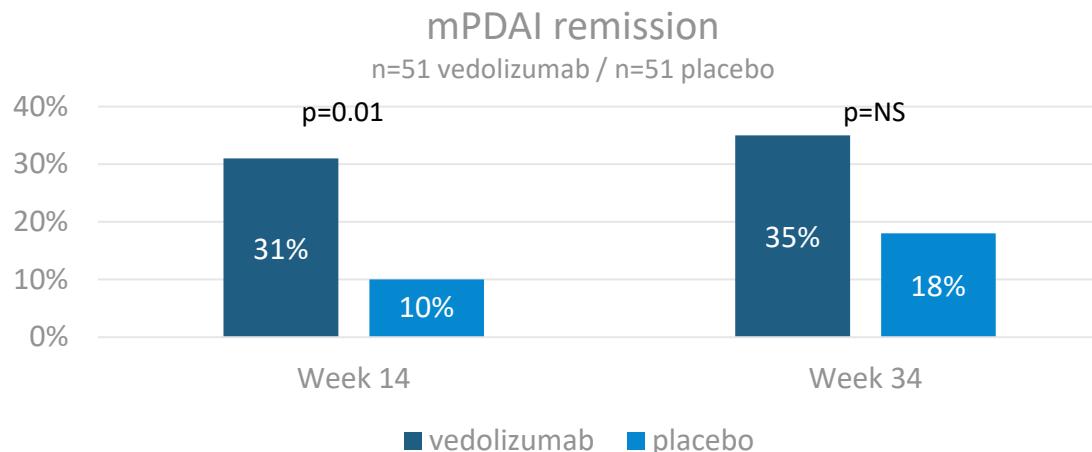
Chronic Antibiotic-Refractory Pouchitis – A Rare IBD Indication

45k patients in the US/EU/Japan

- Complication of restorative proctocolectomy with ileal pouch-anal anastomosis (IPAA) in patients with ulcerative colitis (UC) and familial adenomatous polyposis (FAP).
- 30% of UC patients are refractory to available therapies and require proctocolectomy with ileal pouch-anal anastomosis (IPAA)¹
- 70% of them develop pouchitis, o/w 15% is chronic²

No FDA approved biologic treatment post antibiotics

- Vedolizumab (Entyvio®) only EU approved product with limited efficacy



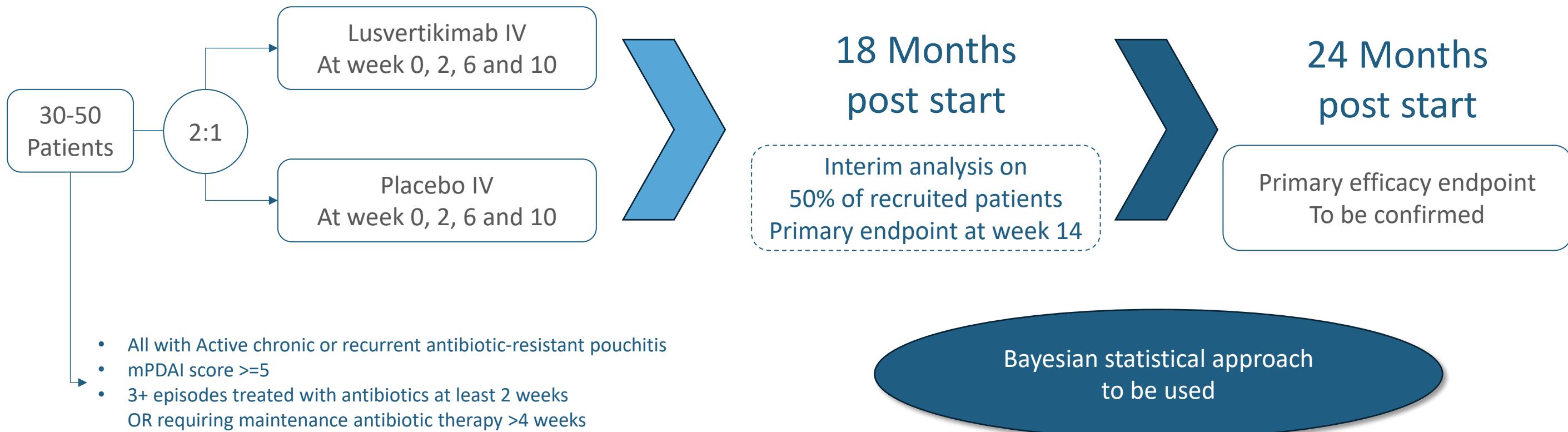
Strong Scientific Rational for Lusvertikimab in Pouchitis

- Refractory Pouchitis and UC may therefore respond to similar treatments : similar inflammatory mechanisms and significant infiltration of TH1/Th17 T cells to even higher extend than UC³
- Overexpression of IL-7R by Th1 and Th17 mucosa infiltrating cells
- Vedolizumab in Pouchitis supports rationale for Lusvertikimab (share one MoA). Stronger clinical benefit of Lusvertikimab over Vedolizumab expected and supported by preclinical data⁴
- Lusvertikimab blocks both Teff migration and Teff activation, and preserves Treg trafficking, while Vedolizumab blocks both Treg and Teff homing and will not block direct effector function of T cells

Limited development costs for a 45,000 patients Market opportunity

- Expected to benefit from Orphan Drug Designation in the US
- No approved Biologics in the US
- Limited Capital required to reach regulatory approval

Chronic Antibiotic-Refractory Pouchitis – Phase 2a Design & Expected Timeline



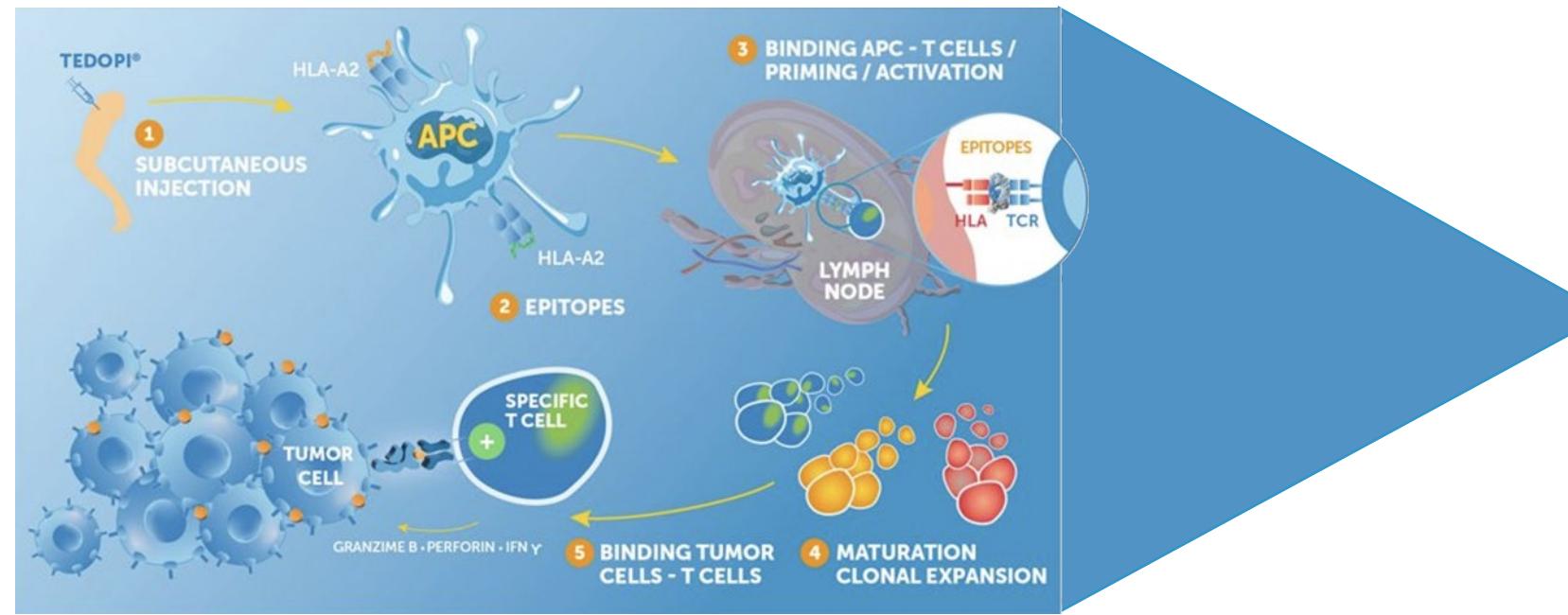


TEDOPI®

Most Advanced Therapeutic Cancer Immunotherapy

**Bringing new hope to patients in the fight against ICI
resistant NSCLC**

An Immunotherapy Activating Specific T-cells to Revive Anti-tumor Response



- Unique combination of neoepitopes: small peptides deriving from tumor specific antigens* expressed in various cancers
- Strong binding to HLA-A2 receptor (45% population)
- Direct activation of tumor specific T-cells differs from checkpoint inhibitors releasing the break of immune response

Proprietary combination
(9 **optimized neoepitopes**
+ 1 epitope giving universal
T helper response)

Induces early T cell
memory responses
+
Migration in tissues

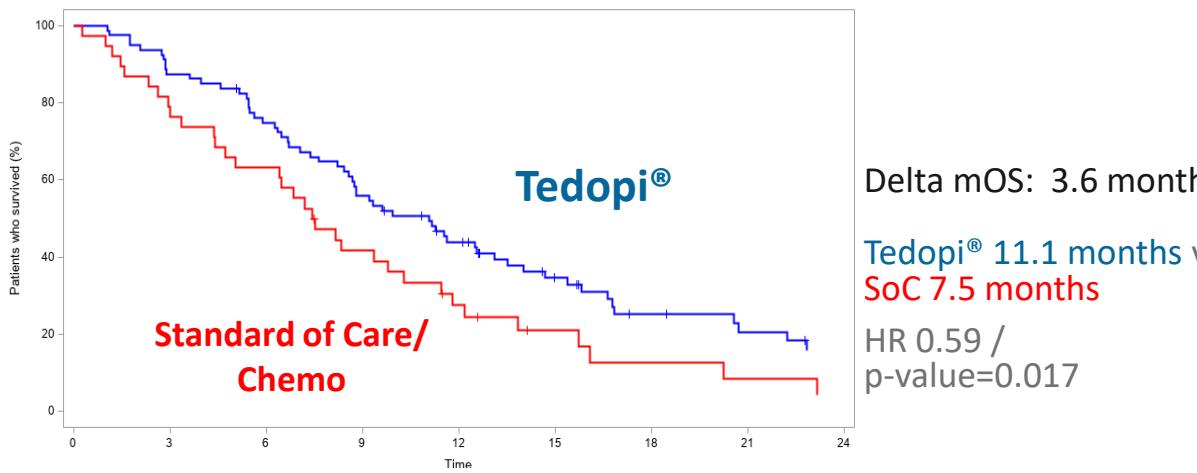
Ready to Use
subcutaneous formulation
with Q3W injection

Orphan Drug
Designation (FDA)
> 700 patients treated
in clinical trials

Strong IP position
until **2038¹**
(US / EU / Asia)

ATALANTE: Survival Benefit with Tedopi® in Phase 3 in 3L HLA-A2+ NSCLC with Secondary Resistance to Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors

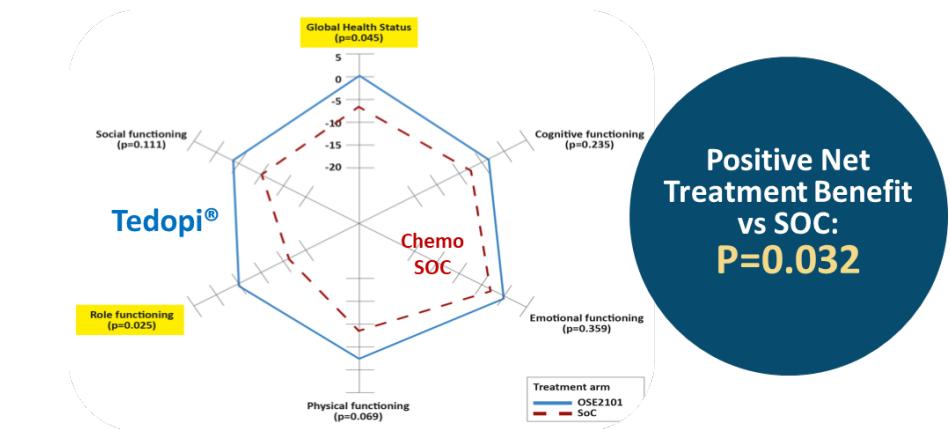
Overall Survival secondary resistance post anti-PD(L)1



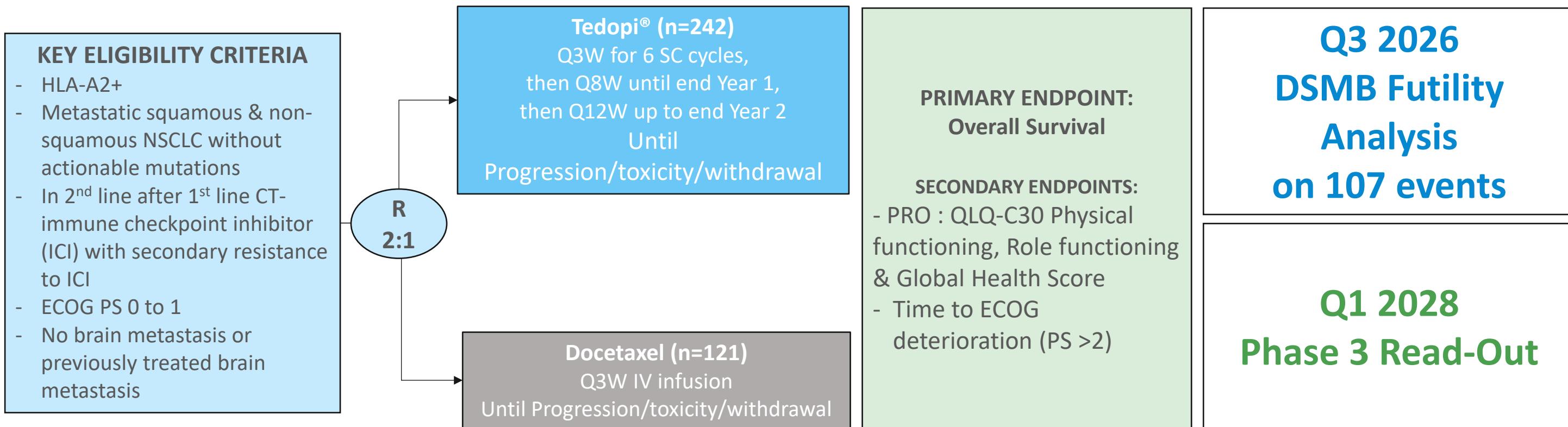
OS rate at 12 months
44% in Tedopi® vs. 27.5% in SoC

Significantly safer than SoC
11% vs 35% grade 3-5 related AEs

Better Quality of Life



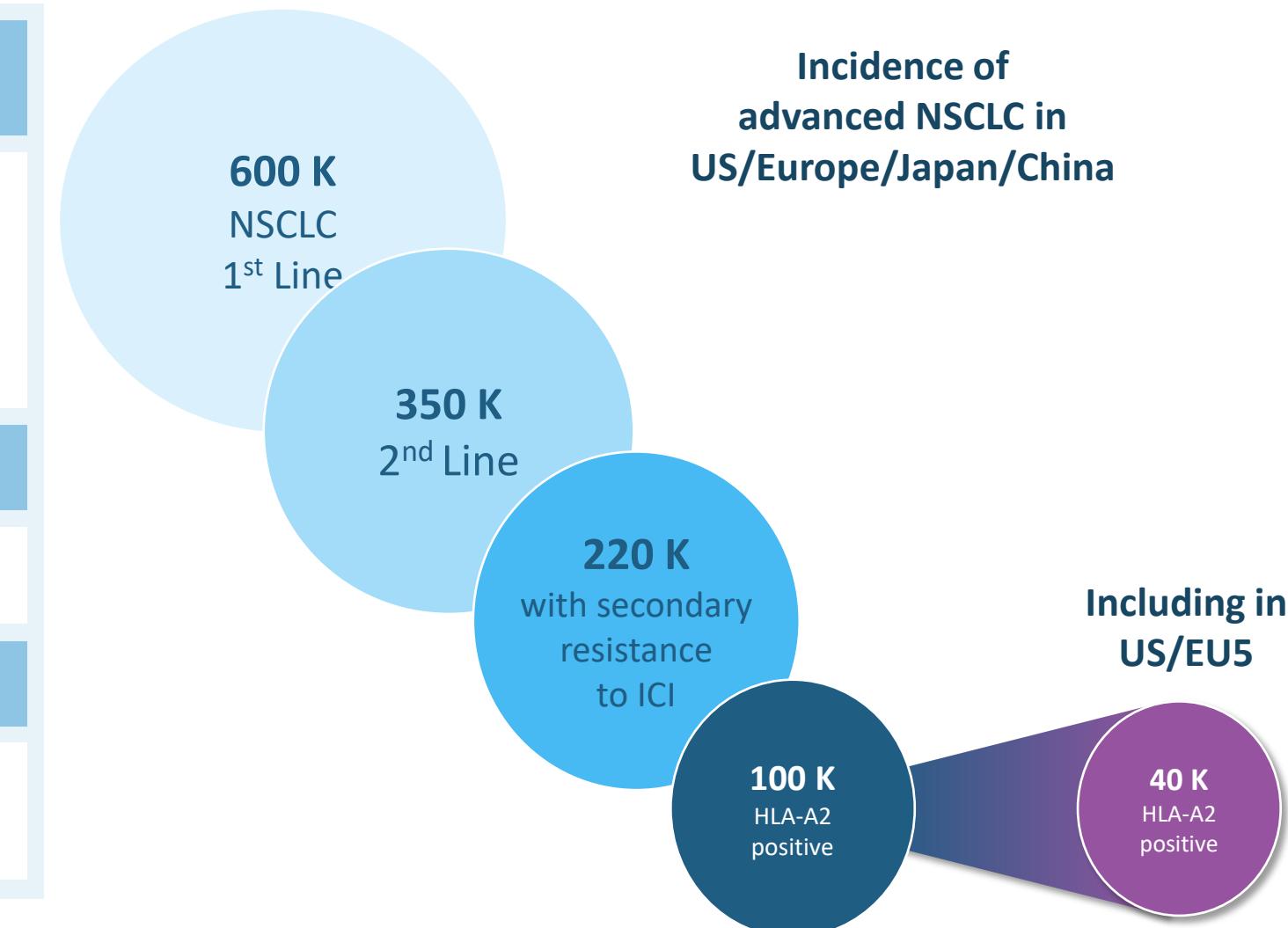
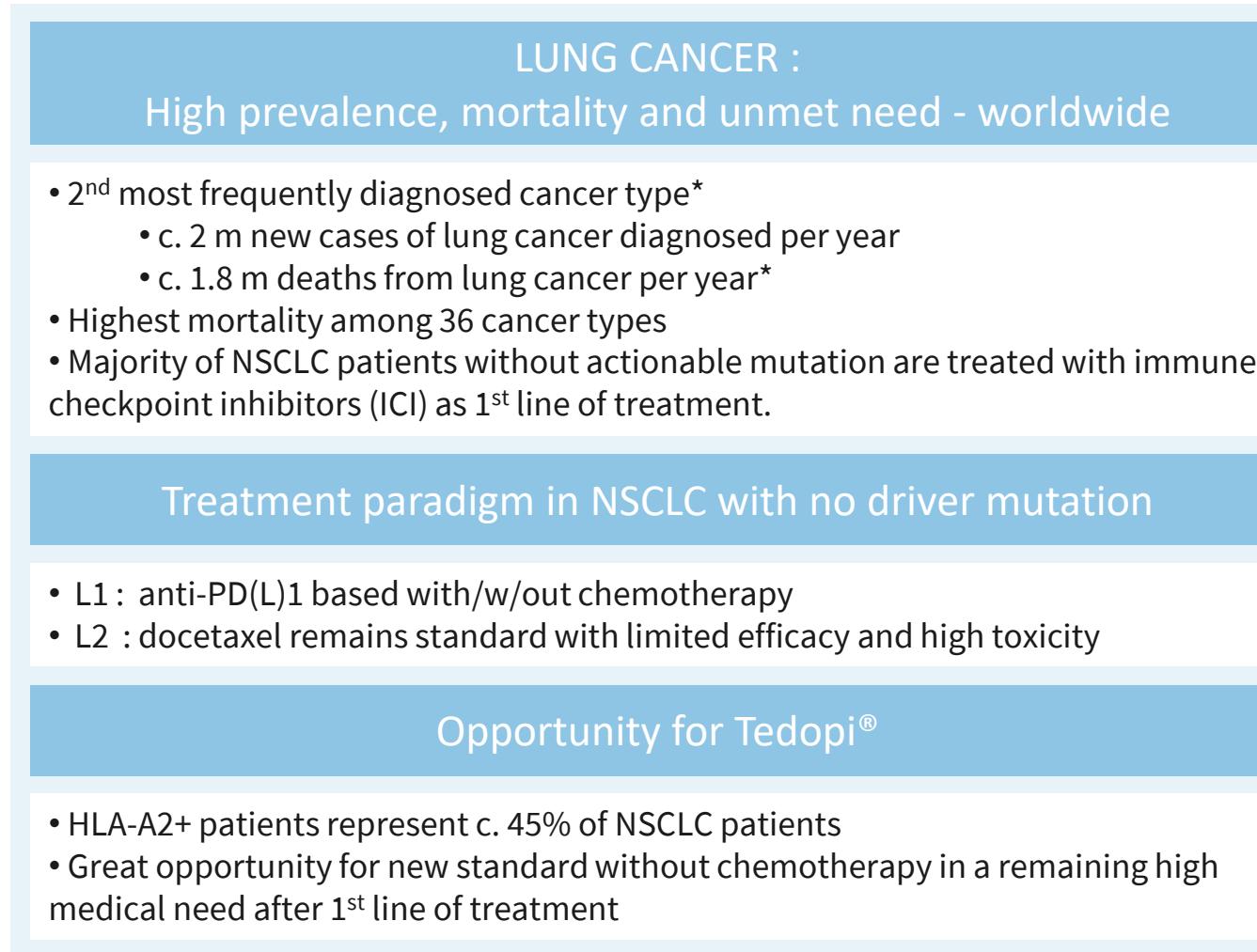
ARTEMIA - Ongoing Tedopi® Phase 3 in HLA-A2+ NSCLC Patients Post Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors



HLA: Human leukocyte antigen; NSCLC: Non-small cell lung cancer; SoC: Standard of care; CT: chemotherapy; ICI=Immune checkpoint inhibitors; ECOG PS: Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Status; PD: Progressive disease; subcut: subcutaneous; inj: injection; iv: intravenous, QLQ-C30: Quality of life questionnaire-core30

Tedopi® Targets 100k Patients in 2nd Line NSCLC Post ICI

Tedopi® has the potential to become the new standard for recurrent patients in 2L NSCLC presenting HLA-A2 phenotype



Additional Read-out in 2026 in NSCLC, Ovarian and Pancreatic Cancer

Phase 2 ISS trials in combination with immunotherapy or chemotherapy treatments

Maintenance setting post standard of care

TEDOVA - Ovarian Cancer

In combination with pembrolizumab
185 patients

Tedopi® Alone or in Combination with Pembrolizumab vs Best Supportive Care as Maintenance in Patients with Platinum-Sensitive Recurrent Ovarian Cancer²

Primary Endpoint : Progression Free Survival

Sponsored by ARCAGY-GINECO

PI: Alexandra LEARY

(Gustave Roussy Institute)

France/ Germany/ Belgium



ARCAGY-GINECO

Recruitment completed

Readout in Q2 2026

TEDOPaM - Pancreatic Cancer

In combination with FOLFIRI
106 patients

Tedopi® + FOLFIRI vs FOLFIRI as Maintenance Treatment in Advanced or Metastatic Pancreatic Ductal Adenocarcinoma after 8 Cycles of Folfirinox³

Sponsored by GERCOR PRODIGE

PI: Cindy NEUZILLET

(Curie Institute, France)



Positive Topline Result⁴ in 2025

Long-term OS follow-up ongoing

2nd line post 1st line chemo IO

CombiTED - NSCLC

In combination with nivolumab
105 patients

Tedopi® + Docetaxel vs Tedopi + Nivolumab as 2nd line in Metastatic NSCLC failing standard 1st line Chemo-immunotherapy¹

Primary Endpoint : Overall Survival

Sponsored by FoRT

PI: Federico CAPPUZZO

(Roma Cancer Institute)

Italy /Spain/ France



Recruitment completed

Readout H2 2026



Financials

Financials

Company Overview		Analyst Coverage	
Market Cap* :	€ 109m		
Cash Position :	€ 41.6m (June 30, 2025) <i>(including € 16.2m in short-term deposits)</i>		Jamila El Bougrini (FR)
Cash Runway:	Early Q4 2026		Arron Aatkar (UK) Jyoti Prakash (UK)
Outstanding Shares:	22.5m		Martial Descoutures (FR)
Latest Equity Raised :	€ 30m (March 2021)		Nicolas Pauillac (FR)
Equity raised to date	€ 53m		David Seynnaeve (BE)
Deal upfronts to date	€ 179m		Lionel Labourdette (FR)
IPO Date	March 30, 2015		
*As of January 26, 2026			

2026 Corporate calendar

To be released

Date

Our 3-Year Development Plan Focused on Shareholder Value

Large partnered indications vs
Smaller Go-Alone indications

Strategy to maximize Return on Investment while managing risk:

- Large indications assets to be developed up to End of Phase 2
- Smaller indications assets to be developed up to commercialization

3

Development strategies

Tedopi® in NSCLC
1st Phase 3: mOS benefit vs SOC
2nd Phase 3: ongoing
Potential approval in 2029

Multi-Billion potential

Lusvertikimab Rare/Specialist
• Hidradenitis Suppurativa¹
Target population 500-600k patients
• Chronic Pouchitis
Target population 45k patients

First Phase 2 to start in H2 2026

Lusvertikimab in Ulcerative Colitis
Strong Phase 2 data as IV
Reformulation as SC

Multi-Billion potential

Strong Pharma partnerships
Capabilities

Proven ability to deliver attractive partnerships
Over €150m in upfront received and over €2.1bn in potential milestones + tiered royalties via partnerships with AbbVie, Boehringer Ingelheim and Veloxis

Multiple Key Inflection Points
over the next 24 months

Tedopi®
Q2 26: Ovarian Cancer ISS read-out
Q3 26: NSCLC Pivotal Phase 3 futility analysis
H2 26: 2L NSCLC combo ISS read-out
Q1 28: NSCLC Pivotal Phase 3 read-out

Lusvertikimab
H1 27: Subcutaneous formulation readiness
H2 27: Ulcerative Colitis Phase 2b/3 ready
2028: 1st Phase 2 read-out (new indication)



Immuno-Oncology & Immuno-Inflammation

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